DECEMBER, 1934

JOURNAL OF CALENDAR REFORM

CONTENTS

Clubwomen Look at Reform, by Margaret Becker Kulp 145
England Wants a Change, by J. B. Perry Robinson 148
From a Railroad Viewpoint, by A. J. Hills 154
Revising Church Calendars, by Dr. Edward S. Schwegler ... 159
Principles of Revision, by Erland Echlin 168
Holidays and Travel, by Charles F. Wood 176
Calendar's Birthday, by Prof. Arthur M. Harding 179
Interest of the Churches, from Union Seminary Review 180
German Church Opinion, by Hermann Rische 186
Plans for Next Year, by Joseph Kastner 186
Excerpts and Reviews 186
Statistical Opinion, by Edward C. Krauss 187
Logical Choice, by Prof. John E. Merrill 187
Current Press Comment 188
Editorial: Parable from the Chinese 189
From the Mailbag 190
List of New Members 191
International Organizations for Calendar Reform 192
Editorial Paragraphs ..... Inside Back Cover

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THE WORLD CALENDAR

Every Year the Same

JANUARY						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
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DECEMBER						
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YEAR-END DAY, December Y, follows December 30th every year
LEAP-YEAR DAY, June L, follows June 30th in leap years

The World Calendar regulates the twelve-month year. It is balanced in structure, perpetual in form.

Its twelve months are multiples of halves and quarters. The equal quarters consist of 3 months; the first month has 31 days; the remaining two have 30 days. These quarters also comprise 13 weeks or 91 days, of which 13 days are Sundays and 78 are weekdays. Each month has 26 weekdays.

In the perpetual calendar, Year-End Day, the odd 365th and last day of the year, is considered as an extra Saturday between December 30th and January 1st. The additional 366th day in leap years is considered as another extra Saturday between June 30th and July 1st and is called Leap-Year Day. These days are tabulated as December Y and June L respectively, by which method the 31-day months begin the quarters. It is recommended that these two stabilizing days be considered by the United States as holidays. January 1st, New Year's Day, falls on Sunday, and the working week begins the following day.

The revised twelve-month year in its even quarters conforms to the seasons, recognizing natural laws. Comparisons are easily obtained; changes involved require a minimum of adjustment; expenses are not increased for business and the consumer; religious and secular holidays are stabilized, and the transition from the old to the new order is made easy by the retention of the twelve-month year.

"Our stability is but balance."—Robert Bridges.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS

Calendar revision of some sort is inevitable, and it would be well to work vigorously for a sensible calendar in order to prevent the adoption of an awkward and grotesque system.—Providence *Journal.*

Approval by the churches removes about the only objection that could possibly be made to The World Calendar.—Tallahassee (Fla.) *Democrat.*

The world has struggled along under a haphazard calendar full of errors, cumbersome because no two years are alike in arrangement.—Portsmouth (O.) *Times.*

A 13-month calendar seems to meet with little favor and may be considered as a dead issue.—Philadelphia *Presbyterian.*

We say Amen with the clergy when it comes to calendar reform.—Cheboygan (Mich.) *Tribune.*

The World Calendar sounds rather simple as compared with other current suggestions.—St. Paul *Dispatch.*

The calendar is an out-moded device with which we have grown so familiar that we don't recognize its defects.—St. Louis *Star & Times.*

We favor The World Calendar: it would not involve as much confusion as changing to a 13-month year.—Kansas City *Kansan.*

There seems to be a growing concern among churchmen for a simpler calendar all over the world, in which view many secular leaders join.—Newark (N.J.) *News.*

Two widely advocated plans for calendar reform will hold the attention of the next session of the Commission on Communications and Transit of the League of Nations; the only stumbling blocks to adoption of a plan are custom and superstition.—Waterbury (Conn.) *American.*

Germany is on the edge of calendar reform: the commission handling the subject, after weighing the merits of the 12-month and 13-month proposals, has about decided in favor of the former as being less radical and more suited to the farmers of Germany. Moreover, Hitler doesn't like the 13-month idea.—Portland (Me.) *Telegram.*

A plan designated as The World Calendar seems to be receiving the most approval from business and professional men.—Grand Junction (Col.) *Sentinel.*

Our calendar system is in reality not a system, but a hodge-podge. Like every other sound reform, calendar stabilization will eventually gain popularity until it is enacted.—Asbury Park (N.J.) *Press.*

A McGill astronomer drew attention today to the fact that at a Geneva conference on calendar reform, the Canadian delegate took the humiliating position of supporting the 13-month calendar.—Montreal *Star.*

Thirty-six different proposals for a new calendar have been brought to the attention of German committees, but just one is getting any important support. It is similar to the proposal known in America as The World Calendar.—Troy (Kas.) *Chief.*

For 2000 years the world has suffered, in its calendar, from one Roman Caesar's ignorance and another's reckless vanity. The Julian year is full of lop-sided months which support the calendar-printing industry and make hash out of bookkeeping. —New York *Herald-Tribune.*

While the 13-month calendar has much to recommend it, the 12-month equal-quarter plan is far ahead of it for every detail of accounting, and will undoubtedly have the complete support of business.—Waterville (Me.) *Sentinel.*

The new World Calendar is a step which should be taken soon. It is a reform that would facilitate international business. It is bound to come eventually, so why not now?—Shell Rock (Ia.) *News.*

Delegates to the convention of the Southern Federation of Syrian Clubs adopted a resolution endorsing calendar reform and The World Calendar.—Houston (Tex.) *Press.*

During the past two years there has been a steady advance in sentiment favoring the adoption of a universal and simplified calendar.—Utica *Observer-Dispatch.*

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